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Class 4

(see "Maintenance and care" section)

 $Pb < 0.1 / Cd < 0.01 mg/dm^2$ Dimensions and surface quality

Complies

Complies

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The international reference standards: ISO - EN

Release of dangerous substances (ISO 10545-15)

Dimensions - (ISO 10545-2)

standards.

Surface quality - (ISO 10545-2 § 7)

The values of the main technical characteristics measured on our products, compared with international standards, are clearly shown and reproduced on our contractual documents (catalogs, price lists, etc.).

The values given in this document are common to groups of articles or series of our tiles and therefore are to be used as a guide for a first orientation in choosing the product. If required, the specific values for a given product of a determined supply can be provided depending on its intended use, when formally brought to our attention by notice in writing.

Characteristics and Test methods	Requirements EN 14411 ⁽¹⁾ – G / ISO 13006 ⁽²⁾ - G	Our general values
Determination of water absorption - (ISO 10545-3)	Average value $E_b \le 0.5 \%$ / Individual maximum 0.6%	≤ 0,06 % Average value and individual maximum
Classification	Definition § 3.2 and § 3.7	Bl _a – Porcelain tiles
		Physical properties

Determination of water absorption - (ISO 10545-3)	Average value $E_b \le 0.5 \%$ / Individual maximum 0.6%	≤ 0,06 % Average value and individual maximum
Classification	Definition § 3.2 and § 3.7	Bl _a – Porcelain tiles
		Physical properties
Modulus of rupture - (ISO 10545-4)	Average > 35 N/mm ²	≥ 35 N/mm2

Classification	Definition § 3.2 and § 3.7	Bl _a – Porcelain tiles
		Physical properties
Modulus of rupture - (ISO 10545-4)	Average ≥ 35 N/mm ²	≥ 35 N/mm2
Breaking strength - (ISO 10545-4)	Average ≥ 1300 N for thickness ≥ 7,5 mm	Complies

		Physical properties
Modulus of rupture - (ISO 10545-4)	Average ≥ 35 N/mm ²	≥ 35 N/mm2
Breaking strength - (ISO 10545-4)	Average ≥ 1300 N for thickness ≥ 7,5 mm	Complies
,	Average ≥ 700 N for thickness < 7,5 mm	•
Resistance to surface abrasion - (ISO 10545-7)	Abrasion class and cycles passed	Class 0 - 5

	ř	
Breaking strength - (ISO 10545-4)	Average ≥ 1300 N for thickness ≥ 7,5 mm Complies	
	Average ≥ 700 N for thickness < 7,5 mm	Compiles
Resistance to surface abrasion - (ISO 10545-7)	Abrasion class and cycles passed	Class 0 - 5
Resistance to deep abrasion - (ISO 10545 - 6)	Max volume abraded < 175 / mm3	< 175 / mm3

Novabell criterion (see Anney N. ISO 13006 / EN 1//11)

Declared value(1) / Test method available(2)

See ANNEX G

A minimum of 95% of the tiles shall be free from visible

defects that would impair the appearance of a major

area of tiles

Raccomanded use	140 Vabeli chienon (See Annex 14 - 150 15000 / E14 14411)	Class 4
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (ISO 10545-8)	Declared value ⁽¹⁾ / Test method available ⁽²⁾	< 7,1 x 10 ⁻⁶ °C ⁻¹
Thermal shock resistance (ISO 10545-9)	Pass according to EN ISO 10545-1 ⁽¹⁾ / Test method available ⁽²⁾	Complies
Crazing registance (ICO 10545 11)	Door according to ENJCO 10545 1(1)/ Deguired(2)	Complies

Thermal shock resistance (ISO 10545-9)	Pass according to EN ISO 10545-157/ Test method available 7	Compiles
Crazing resistance (ISO 10545-11)	Pass according to EN ISO 10545-1 ⁽¹⁾ / Required ⁽²⁾	Complies
Frost resistance (ISO 10545-12)	Pass according to EN ISO 10545-1 ⁽¹⁾ / Required ⁽²⁾	Complies

Moisture expansion (ISO 10545-10)	Declared value ⁽¹⁾ / Test method available ⁽²⁾	≤ 0,2 mm/m
Small colour differences (ISO 10545-16)	$\Delta E_{cmc} < 0.75^{(1)}$	If agreed

Small colour dillerences (ISO 10545-16)	$\Delta E_{cmc} < 0.75^{\circ}$	n agreed
Impact resistance - (ISO 10545-5)	Declared value ⁽¹⁾ /Test method available ⁽²⁾	COR > 0,75
Reaction to fire	Class A1 or A1 _{E1} (1)	A1 _{E1} Classified Without Testing (CWT) – 96/603

		Chemical properties
Chemical resistance -(GL) (ISO 10545-13)		
Resistance to low and high concentrations of acids and alkalis	Declared value ⁽¹⁾ / Manufacturer is to state classification ⁽²⁾	Resistant (see "Maintenance and care" section)

Chemical resistance -(GE) (100 10045-10)		
Resistance to low and high concentrations of acids and alkalis	Declared value ⁽¹⁾ / Manufacturer is to state classification ⁽²⁾	Resistant (see "Maintenance and care" section)
Resistance to household chemicals and swimming pool salts	Minimum class B	G A
Resistance to staining (ISO 10545-14)	Minimum class 3	5

(1) Requirements according to EN 14411	(2) Requirements accordi	ng to ISO 13006	
Test methods	Requirements and references		Our general values
Determination of anti-slip properties – Workrooms and fields of activities with raised slip danger, walking method-Ramp test (DIN 51130)-Germany	BGR / ASR	From R9 to R13	R 10
Determination of anti – slip properties. Wet-loaded barefoot areas – Walking method – Ramp test (DIN 51097) - Germany	GUV-I 8527	A – B – C	A + B
Dynamic Coefficient Friction wet and dry condition (BCR-ex BCRA) Italy	DM n. 236 / 1989	$\mu > 0.40$	μ > 0,40
Scratch hardenss of surface according to Mohs'	ex BS 6431-1	3 / ex EN 101	≥ 5
PRODUCT INFORMATION - IMPORTANT NOTES FOR THE CONSUMER	- CLEANING AND CARE - PROP	ERTY RIGHTS :	www.novabell.com
Our paradain atanguara tiles are made from your materials of great technical natortial. This natortial is aphanced by magnetic production process.			

Our porcelain stoneware tiles are made from raw materials of great technical potential. This potential is enhanced by means of a production process where the body and surface of the material are treated in exactly the same way, where the tile's shape and appearance are rendered permanent by firing at temperatures which may even exceed 1200°C. This ensures that the surface and body of the tile become one, adding style and beauty to its intrinsic strength. Consequently, tiles' natural surfaces are stable against and unaffected by the chemicals and staining substances specified by the toughest international standards (ISO, EN, ASTM/ANSI), as documented by our product technical data sheets, including the statements of applicability which precede them. Maintenance performed at frequencies and by methods which effectively remove dirt will not only ensure hygiene but also conserve the material's beauty and, above all, its functional and safety characteristics: remember that the antislip properties declared refer to clean, new surfaces, as required by the standards. Inadequately removed dirt can, in itself, cause slipping unrelated to the properties of our coverings. Similarly, failure to remove or prevent abrasive dirt (e.g. by means of devices for cleaning the soles of shoes before coming indoors) may modify the structure of surfaces, reducing

antislip properties below the values originally declared. Reference should be made to the ISO 13006/EN 14411 Annex N and ANSI A 137.1 § 6.2.2.1













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Annex N (informative)

Classification of glazed ceramic tiles for floorings according to their resistance to surface abrasion

Where required, the following approximate classification may be used for glazed ceramic tiles intended for floorings with regard to their resistance to surface abrasion.

This classification should not be taken as providing accurate product specifications for specific requirements but rather used as guidance only (see EN ISO 10545-7).

- Class 0 Glazed tiles in this class are not recommended for use on floors.
- Class 1 Floor coverings in areas that are walked on essentially with soft soled footwear or bare feet without scratching dirt (e.g. residential bathrooms and bedrooms without direct access from the outside).
- Class 2 Floor coverings in areas that are walked on by soft soled or normal footwear with, at the most, occasional small amounts of scratching dirt (e.g. rooms in the living areas of homes but with the exception of kitchens, entrances, and other rooms which may have a lot of traffic). This does not apply to abnormal footwear (i.e. hobnailed boots).
- Class 3 Floor coverings in areas that, with normal footwear, are walked on more often with small amounts of scratching dirt (e.g. residential kitchens, halls, corridors, balconies, loggias and terraces). This does not apply to abnormal footwear (i.e. hobnailed boots).
- Class 4 Floor coverings that are walked on by regular traffic with some scratching dirt so that the conditions are more severe than Class 3 (e.g. entrances, commercial kitchens, hotel, exhibition and sale rooms).
- Class 5 Floor coverings that are subject to severe pedestrian traffic over sustained periods with some scratching dirt, so that the conditions are the most severe for which glazed floor tiles may be suitable (e.g. public areas such as shopping centres, airport concourses, hotel foyers, public walkways and industrial applications).

This classification is valid for the given applications under normal conditions. Consideration should be given to the footwear, type of traffic and cleaning methods expected, and the floors should be adequately protected against scratching dirt at the entrances to buildings by interposing footwear cleaning devices. In extreme cases of very heavy pedestrian traffic and quantities of scratching dirt, unglazed floor tiles from Group I can be considered.